



Mathematics for Computer Scientists 1, WS 2018/19
Sheet 4

1. Determine the real numbers x for which the following inequalities hold.

$$(a) \frac{4x-5}{x^2-1} < 5$$

$$(d) \left| \frac{(x-1)(2x-3)}{x(x-5)} \right| > 1$$

$$(b) \frac{5}{5x-1} < \frac{2}{2x+1}$$

$$(e) \log\left(\frac{2-x}{12+4x}\right) > 0$$

$$(c) \frac{3x+2}{2x+3} < \frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$(f) e^x > 3^{x^2}$$

2. Sketch the subsets

$$A_1 = \left\{ (x, y) : 3x + 2y \leq 6, x - y \leq 2, x \leq 1 \right\},$$

$$A_2 = \left\{ (x, y) : |y| \leq \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}, |y - \sqrt{5}x| \leq \sqrt{5}, |y + \sqrt{5}x| \leq \sqrt{5} \right\}$$

of the (x, y) coordinate plane.

3. Sketch the set $A \cap B$, where

$$A = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z - 2 - 3i| < |z + 4 - 5i|\},$$

$$B = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : 0 \leq \arg(z + 3 - 4i) < \pi/4\}.$$

4. Find all complex solutions to the following equations.

$$(a) 3z^2 + z = 1$$

$$(g) (z^2 - 1)^3 = 8z^3$$

$$(b) z^2 - (3+i)z + 4 + 3i = 0$$

$$(h) z^6 - 3iz^3 - 2 = 0$$

$$(c) \sinh z = i$$

$$(i) z^3 + 2z^2 + 2z = 0$$

$$(d) z^2 + 2\bar{z}^2 + z - \bar{z} + 9 = 0$$

$$(j) z^3 - (3+i)z^2 + (2+3i)z - 2i = 0$$

$$(e) z^4 - 4z^2 + 16 = 0$$

$$(k) e^z = e^{iz}$$

$$(f) z^4 + 1 = 0$$

$$(l) e^{2z} + ie^z + 1 = 0$$

5. Compute $(4\sqrt{3} - 4i)^{88}$. [Hint: use de Moivre's theorem.]